If the ratio's that stand today of the SL Tamil populace, was also the same in 1824, even with a 10% growth rate. Would show these results:

1824 Census					
Total in Malabar Districts	195,697				
			1824		***2009***
Jaffna	*123,188*				
Mannar	*22,436*	149,056		787,301	
Delft	3,432		**195,697**		**891,029**
Batticoloa	*27,483*	46,641		103,728	
Trinco	*19,158*				

	North(95%)	**East(40%)**
1829	*141,603*	*18,656*
1839	*155,763*	*20,522*
1849	*171,340*	*22,574*
1859	*188,474*	*24,832*
1869	*207,321*	*27,315*
1879	*228,053*	*30,046*
1889	*250,858*	*33,051*
1899	*275,944*	*36,356*
1909	*303,539*	*39,992*
1919	*333,892*	*43,991*
1929	*367,282*	*48,390*
1939	*404,010*	*53,229*
1949	*444,411*	*58,552*
1959	*488,852*	*64,407*
1969	*537,737*	*70,848*
1979	*591,511*	*77,932*
1989	*650,662*	*85,726*
1999	*715,728*	*94,298*
2009	*787,301*	*103,728*
	95%	40%
	141,603	18,656.40

	Today
Total Population	*21,000,000*
Natural Malabar Populations	*4.24%*

Its clear from the results, it was due to other methods, other than natural growth, gave rise to today's 2,000,000 plus SL Tamil populace.